Sample Research Paper Outline

Purpose: To show how programs written for microcomputers relate to the process of writing.

Thesis: Microcomputer programs can have a positive effect on students' writing if both the potentials and limitations of the programs are understood.

Audience: Current college and university students.

Microcomputer Programs and the Process of Writing

- I. Major Steps in the Writing Process
 - A. Organizing
 - B. Writing the first draft
 - C. Evaluating
 - D. Revising
- II. Writing Programs for the Microcomputer
 - A. Types of Programs and Their Relationship to the Writing Process
 - 1. Thought
 - a. Use in organizing
 - b. Use in revising
 - 2. Word Processors
 - a. Use in writing the first draft
 - b. Use in revising
 - 3. Analytical programs: grammar, style, spelling
 - a. Use in evaluating
 - b. Use in revising
 - B. Positive and Negative Aspects of Computer Writing Programs
 - 1. Positive features
 - a. Less time spent on repetitive or mechanical writing tasks
 - b. Greater flexibility and versatility in writing process
 - c. Increased revision strategies
 - d. Specific learning possibilities
 - 2. Negative features
 - a. The increased time spent on learning software programs and computers
 - b. The availability of hardware and software
 - c. The unrealistic expectations of users
 - 1) A cure-all for writing problems
 - 2) A way to avoid learning correct grammar/syntax/spelling
 - 3) A method to reduce time spent on writing proficiently
 - 4) A simple process to learn and execute
 - C. Future Possibilities of Computer Programs for Writing
 - 1. Rapid change
 - 2. Improved programs
 - 3. Increased use and availability
 - 4. More realistic assessment of value critical work